



ANIMAL BREEDER PERMIT (Birds excluding commercial poultry)

FEE FOR ANIMAL BREEDER PERMIT

Number of female animals kept for breeding (Rs)

1-5	5000
6-10	10, 000
More than 10	25, 000

RENEWAL FEE FOR ANIMAL BREEDER PERMIT

Number of female animals kept for breeding (Rs)

1-5	2500
6-10	5, 000
More than 10	12, 500

**Conditions for premises/ facilities for keeping birds (excluding commercial poultry)
for breeding purposes**

- Breeders should produce their Business Registration Number.
- Breeders should have a Building and Land Use Permit from the District/Municipal Council as a first approval.
- Records of cleaning should be kept. Products used for disinfection must be safe to use in animal housing.
- The health and welfare status of the bird shall be monitored by a registered Veterinary Surgeon who shall report to the DVS accordingly.
- Records of treatment provided by the Veterinary Surgeon and movement of birds shall be kept and made available as and when required to the DVS.
- Any abnormal mortality/mobility must be **officially** notified to the Division of Veterinary Services (DVS) by means of official correspondence or mail.
- The animal breeder permit (bird) must be renewed annually.

Conditions for cage

- The dimensions of cage differ according to bird species and number to be held per cage and this shall be determined by the DVS.
- Nest Box and perch must be available in all cages.
- The cage shall be designed in such a way that contact with animals outside is prevented and that inspections and any necessary treatment can be easily carried out.



REPUBLIC OF MAURITIUS
Ministry of Agro-Industry, Food Security, Blue Economy and Fisheries (Agro-Industry and Food Security Division)
Division of Veterinary Services
Agricultural Services– Réduit

Tel: (230) 4666662 Fax: (230) 4642210 Email moa-dvs@govmu.org

- The enclosure shall feature a double-layered barrier fence, with the outer fence positioned a minimum of 2 ft from the inner aviary mesh.
- Safety doors, entry/exit doors to the primary enclosure that are double-door, or other equivalent systems shall be designed to prevent escape of the birds.
- Indoor or outdoor enclosure shall be equipped with adequate lighting, ventilation, shelter from heat and adverse weather conditions. External environment must be hygienic and kept clean at all time.
- The physical barrier between the enclosure should be such that animals found in separate pens should not have direct contact with each other. If birds are kept indoors, free flight is recommended.
- Birds that are flight-restricted or cannot fly and are allowed to roam free within the housing facility or a portion thereof must have access to safety pens, enclosures, or other areas that offer the birds protection during overnight periods and at times when their activities are not monitored.
- A bath should preferably be available at all times. If the birds do not bathe, they should be sprayed with water at least once a week, weather permitting.
- Certain birds must be provided special attention regarding enhancement of their environment, based on the needs of the individual species and/or individual bird. Birds requiring special attention are the following:
 - (1) Nestlings, chicks, or fledglings;
 - (2) Those that show signs of being in psychological distress through behaviour or appearance;
- All birds shall be provided with space of sufficient complexity to allow expression of a wide range of normal behaviour. They shall be given a degree of control and choice over their environment to reduce stress-induced behaviour.
- A pest control system must be in place so as to protect the birds from predators.
- DVS shall have access to the facility at any time for proper health and welfare monitoring as well as for surveillance purposes.